#What ‘s a syllable ?

A pronunciation unit having one vowel sound surrounded by two consonant

هي جزء من الكلمة يحتوي علي حرف متحرك واحد محاط بحرفين ساكنين يتم نطقهم كمقطع منفصل

ex: dog(1), green(1), or-ange(2), ex-pen-sive(3), un-real-listic(4), un-ex-pec-tio-nal(5)

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#What ‘s stress ?

Stress is the emphasis given to specific syllable.هو التأكيد علي مقطع معين وإهمال باقي المقاطع

بمعني رفع الصوت وإطالة النطق للحرف المتحرك في هذا المقطع وإهماله في باقي المقاطع

يتم فتحه stressedيتم كسره ولو مشstressedلو المقطع

ex: man, salesman --->>> (sales)mn ex: mat, mter(rial)

ex: fast, breakfast --->>> (break)fast ex: to, td(day)

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#How to stress syllable ?

Stress syllable: means to pronounce this syllable in one voice and the remain of the word in another one voice.

Ex: banana --->>> (1)ba-nanaب ننه (2)ba-na-na با نا نا (3)bana-na بنا ناه

#stress for nouns and verbs ?

Some words are used as nouns and verbs so what is the difference.

Nouns: we stress the first syllable.( ex: an (ac)cent , a (pro)ject )

Verbs: we stress the second syllable.( ex: to ac(cent) , to pro(ject) )

#stress for adjective and verbs ?

Some words are used as adjective and verbs so what ‘s the difference.

Adjective: stress the first syllable.( ex: (ani)mate , (gra)duate )

Verbs: stress the second syllable.( ex: to ani(mate) , to gra(duate) )

#syllable stress changes ?

Politics(n) political(adj) politician(pron)

Economy economical economize

Origin originality original

#con for verb is pronounce cn(not stressed), for nouns it is pronounce kan(stressed)

Ex: convert --------->>>>>>>> cnvert(v), kanvert(n)

Noun Suffixes:

Suffix Example

-acy privacy, fallacy, delicacy

-al refusal, recital, rebuttal

-ance, -ence maintenance, eminence, assurance

-dom freedom, kingdom, boredom

-er, -or trainer, protector, narrator

-ism communism, narcissism, skepticism

-ist chemist, narcissist, plagiarist

-ity, -ty inactivity, veracity, parity, serenity

-ment argument, endorsement, punishment

-ness heaviness, sadness, rudeness, testiness

-ship fellowship, ownership, kinship, internship

-sion, -tion concession, transition, abbreviation

Verb Suffixes:

Suffix Example

-ate regulate, eradicate, enunciate, repudiate

-en enlighten, awaken, strengthen

-ify, -fy terrify, satisfy, rectify, exemplify

-ize, -ise\* civilize, humanize, socialize, valorize

Adjective Suffixes:

Suffix Example

-able, -ible edible, presentable, abominable, credible

-al regional, grammatical, emotional, coastal

-esque picturesque, statuesque, burlesque

-ful fanciful, resentful, woeful, doubtful

-ic, -ical musical, mythic, domestic, chiastic

-ious, -ous nutritious, portentous, studious

-ish fiendish, childish, snobbish

-ive creative, punitive, divisive, decisive

-less endless, ageless, lawless, effortless

-y sleazy, hasty, greasy, nerdy, smelly

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#stress rules for the sufixes: added to the end of the word making new word

Noun Suffixes: acy, al, ance,

Suffixes: ette, ique, ee, eer,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

The suffixes are always stressed

Ex: cigar(ette), cass(ette), roul(ette)

Ex: bout(ique), crit(ique), un(ique)

Ex: employ(ee), train(ee), refug(ee)

Ex: engin(eer), volunt(eer), auction(eer)

Prefixes Example

-anti anti-government, anti-racist, anti-war

-auto autobiography, automobile

-de de-classify, decontaminate, demotivate

-dis disagree, displeasure, disqualify

-down downgrade, downhearted

-extra extraordinary, extraterrestrial

-hyper hyperactive, hypertension

-il, -im, -in, -ir illegal, impossible, insecure, irregular

-inter interactive, international

-mega megabyte, mega-deal, megaton

-mid midday, midnight, mid-October

-mis misaligned, mislead, misspelt

-non non-payment, non-smoking

-over overcook, overcharge, overrate

-out outdo, out-perform, outrun

-post post-election, post-war

-pre prehistoric, pre-war

-pro pro-communist, pro-democracy

-re reconsider, redo, rewrite

-semi semicircle, semi-retired

-sub submarine, sub-Saharan

-super super-hero, supermodel

-tele television, telepathic

-trans transatlantic, transfer

-ultra ultra-compact, ultrasound

-un undo, unpack, unhappy

-under undercook, underestimate

-up upgrade, uphill

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#stress rules for prefixes:

Prefix as Nouns: stress the first syllable.[(over)sight, (under)taker, (re)fill, (pro)tect]

Prefix as Verbs: stress the second syllable.[over(do), under(take), pro(tect)]

#common egyption mistake because of the stress ?

American ---->>> amerikin german --->>> germin ocean--->>> oshin

Person ------->>> persin lesson ----->>> lessin melon --->>> melin

Fiction ------->>> ficshin nation ----->>> nashin action ---->>> nashin

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#stress the nouns:يتم نطق الجملة بسرعة مع إختصار نطق الفعل

-he went to the white house -->> he went to the whi house (stress house word)

-->> he went to the white ouse (stress white word)

-I’ll see you later --->>> I’llse lader.(stress ladar word)

---->>>I’ll see yaladar.(stress see word)

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#stress the verbs:يتم نطق الجملة ببطئ مع نطق الفعل بالكامل

-bobs sees nicole . -betty knows bob.

-he sees her. -she knows him.

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#stress compound nouns(noun+noun ---->>>> another word):

For compound nouns: we stress the first word.

Ex: credicard, light bulb, whiteouse, greenouse, goldfish

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#stress descriptive phrases(adjective+noun -->> ):

For descriptive nouns: we stress the second word.

Ex: light bulb, white house, green house, cold fish

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#stress (adjective + noun): we stress the noun

-it’s a short nail. -it’s a hard drive.

-it’s a hot bath.

#stress (adverb+adjective): we stress the adjective.

-it ‘s really short. -it ‘s extremely hard.

-it ’s too hot.

#stress(adj\_1 +adj\_2 +noun):

We stress the adj\_1 and the noun.

-small white car. -nice old lady.

-really nice day. -long brown hair.

ex: he ‘s got big blue eyes and short black hair.

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#three reasons to change the word stress:

1. new information:

-it sounds like rain.(fast, stress rain)

1. Opinion:

-it sounds like rain.(stress sounds)

1. Contrast:

-he likes rain but he hates snow.

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#how to stress phrasal verbs:

-that really turns me (off). verb

-that’s such a (turn)off. Noun

-the order was mixed (up). verb

-we’re sorry about this (mix)up. Noun

-I need to sign (up) for the class. Verb

-where is the (sign) up sheet ? noun

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#stress rules for the acronyms, numbers, names ?

acronyms: stress the last letter.

Numbers: stress the last number.

Names:

acronyms numbers names

IBM 911 tom hanksne

FBI 1995 new york

MIT 555.9132 emma watson

MBA 8.15 south africa